| M1. | (a) | any two from: | |
|-----|-----|---|---|
| | | nuclearoil(natural) gas | 2 |
| | (b) | 4 (hours) | 1 |
| | (c) | a system of cables and transformers | 1 |
| | (d) | The power output of wind turbines is unpredictable | 1 |
| | (e) | 1500 / 0.6 | 1 |
| | | 2500 (wind turbines) | 1 |
| | | allow 2500 with no working shown for 2 marks | |
| | (f) | Most energy resources have negative environmental effects. | 1 |

[8]

| M2. | (a) | iron | 1 | |
|-----|-----|---|---|-----|
| | | hairdryer | 1 | |
| | | kettle answers can be in any order | 1 | |
| | (b) | (i) Y | 1 | |
| | | (ii) bar drawn with any height greater than Y ignore width of bar | 1 | |
| | (c) | (bigger volume) takes more time (to boil) accept explanation using data from graph | 1 | |
| | | (so) more energy transferred do not accept electricity for energy | 1 | |
| | | (and) this costs more money ignore reference to cost of water wasting more money because heating more water than needed is insufficient | 1 | [8] |

| M3. (a) | there | is a magnetic field (around the magnet) | 1 |
|----------------|-------|--|---|
| | | (this magnetic field) changes / moves | 1 |
| | | and cuts through coil accept links with coil | 1 |
| | | so a p.d. <u>induced</u> across coil | 1 |
| | | the coil forms a complete circuit | 1 |
| | | so a current (is induced) | 1 |
| | (b) | ammeter reading does not change must be in this order accept ammeter has a small reading / shows a current | 1 |
| | | zero | 1 |
| | | greater than before accept a large(r) reading | 1 |
| | | same as originally but in the opposite direction accept a small reading in the opposite direction | |

1

(c) 0.30

allow 1 mark for correct substitution, ie 0.05 = Q / 6

2

C / coulomb

allow A s

[13]

M4.(a) (i) any six from: switch on read both ammeter and voltmeter allow read the meters adjust variable resistor to change the current take further readings draw graph (of) V against I allow take mean R = V/Iallow take the gradient of the graph 6 (ii) resistor would get hot if current left on 1 so its resistance would increase 1 (iii) 12 (V) 0.75 × 16 gains **1** mark 2 (iv) $15(\Omega)$ 1 16 is nearer to that value than any other 1 (b) if current is above 5 A / value of fuse 1 fuse melts allow blows / breaks do not accept exploded 1

breaks circuit

[15]

| M5. | (a) | he may receive an electric shock | | | |
|--|-----|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|--|
| | | | or | | |
| | | | he may be electrocuted | 1 | |
| | | | if he touches the live wire | 1 | |
| | | (b) | 10 690 = I × 230 | 1 | |
| | | | I = 10 690 / 230 | 1 | |
| | | | 46.478(260) (A) | 1 | |
| | | | | 1 | |
| allow 46 (A) with no working shown for 4 marks | | | | | |
| | | (c) | cost is higher | 1 | |

1

[8]

more energy is used (per second)

| M6 .(a) | current that is | always | in the | same | direction |
|----------------|-----------------|--------|--------|------|-----------|
| | | | | | |



1

[6]

(c)
$$P = 0.4 \times 12 = 4.8$$

5 (W)